

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Members of **SHANKESH JEWELLERS PRIVATE LIMITED**,

Report on the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying standalone financial statements of **SHANKESH JEWELLERS PRIVATE LIMITED** ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2024 and the Statement of Profit and Loss and Cash Flow Statement for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "Standalone Financial Statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31st March 2024, and its profit and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Those Standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and the disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal financial control relevant to the Company's preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of the accounting policies used and the reasonableness of the accounting estimates made by the Company's Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the financial statements.

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditors' Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Management Discussion and Analysis, Board's Report including Annexures to Board's Report, Business Responsibility Report, Corporate Governance and Shareholder's Information, but does not include the consolidated financial statements, standalone financial statements, and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. In connection with our audit



of the standalone financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the standalone financial statements, or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Management is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these standalone financial statements that give true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2016. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so. Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.



- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Companies Act, 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. As required by the Companies (Auditor report) Order, 2020 ("The Order") Issued by the Central Government of India in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, we give the "Annexure – A" statement on the matter specified in paragraph 3 & 4 of the order.
2. (A). As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - a. We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.



- b. In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books; except for the matters stated in the paragraph 2(B)(f) below on reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014.
- c. The Standalone Balance Sheet, the Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss and the Standalone Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
- d. In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
- e. On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31st March 2024 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March 2024 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
- f. The modifications relating to the maintenance of accounts and other matters connected therewith are as stated in the paragraph 2(b) above on reporting under Section 143(3)(b) of the Act and paragraph 2(B)(f) below on reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014.
- g. With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure B". Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting.
- B. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
- a. The company does not have any pending litigations, which would impact its financial position.
- b. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
- c. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
- d. (i). The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entity ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall :
- directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries")
 - provide any guarantee, security, or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

(ii). The Management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been received by the Company from any person or entity, including foreign entity ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall:

- directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries")
- provide any guarantee, security, or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

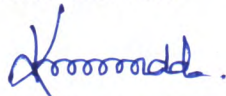
(iii). Based on the audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e), as provided under d(i) and d(ii) above, contain any material misstatement.

- e. The Company has neither declared nor paid any dividend during the year.
- f. The reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 is applicable from 1 April 2023:
- i. The company has not used accounting software with an audit trail (edit log) feature throughout the year as required under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014. The management is aware of the importance of using audit trail-compliant software and is actively exploring options to upgrade the current system to include an audit trail feature as part of its commitment to full compliance with statutory requirements.
- ii. As proviso to rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 is applicable for the Company only with effect from 1 April 2023, reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 is not applicable.
- C. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended:

Since the Company is a Private Limited Company, the provisions of Section 197 do not apply to the company and hence reporting under section 197(16) is not required.

UDIN: 24101919BKGTLU9113

For V J SHAH & CO
Chartered Accountants
FRN: 109823W



KIRTI M MALDE
(PARTNER)
Membership No.101919



Place: Mumbai
Date: 05.09.2024

SHANKESH JEWELLERS PRIVATE LIMITED

Annexure “A” Auditors’ Report

Annexure referred to in Paragraph 1 under the heading of “Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements” of the Independent Auditor’s Report on the Accounts of SHANKESH JEWELLERS PRIVATE LIMITED (‘the company’) for the year ended 31st March 2024.

- I) i. In respect of Property, Plant and Equipment and Intangible Assets:
- (a) The company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant and Equipment and Intangible Assets on the basis of available information.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has a regular programme of physical verification of its Property, Plant and Equipment by which all property, plant and equipment are verified in a phased manner. In accordance with this programme, certain property, plant and equipment were verified during the year. In our opinion, this periodicity of physical verification is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. No material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
 - (c) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the company does not have any immovable property hence reporting under this clause is not applicable.
 - (d) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the company has not revalued its Property, Plant & Equipment and Intangible Assets during the year.
 - (e) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, no proceedings are initiated or are pending against the Company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (as amended in 2016) and rules made thereunder.
- II) In respect of Inventories:
- (a) As explained to us the inventory has been physically verified by the management at regular intervals during the year. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the coverage and procedure of such verification by the Management is appropriate having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its operations. No discrepancies of 10% or more in the aggregate for each class of inventories were noticed on such physical verification of inventories when compared with books of account.
 - (b) During the year, the Company has been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of Rs.5 crores, in aggregate, from banks on the basis of security of current assets. The Company has filed quarterly returns or statements with such banks, which are in agreement with the books of accounts other than those set out below:



(Rs. in lakhs)

Name of the Bank	Nature of CA offered as security	Quarter Ended	Amount disclosed as statements	Amount as per books	Difference	Reason for difference
Kotak Mahindra Bank / HDFC Bank	Refer Note below	Jun-23	16161.20	16034.98	126.22	Incorrect amounts reported to Bank due to submission of statements to bank pending closure of books of accounts
		Sep-23	19421.78	19144.68	277.10	
		Dec-23	16482.96	16350.85	132.11	
		Mar-24	17184.71	17165.12	19.59	

Note on Nature of Current Asset offered as security

Secured Loan includes cash credit which is secured against hypothecation of all existing and future receivables/current assets/movable assets/movable fixed assets.

Mortgage of office premises of the company and residential premises of Directors.

Personal Guarantee's of Director's and Director's Relatives.

III) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the company,

- a. The Company has not granted any loans or provided advances in the nature of loans or stood guarantee or provided security to its subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates during the year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(III)(a)(A) of the order is not applicable.
- b. Details of unsecured loans & advances in the nature of loans granted are specified below:

Loans to Employees	Amounts (In Lakhs)
Aggregate amount granted during the year	6.29
Balance outstanding at the balance sheet date	6.29

b. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of examination of books and record by us, the terms and conditions of the grant of loans and advances in the nature of loans, as referred to a(b) above, are not prima facie prejudicial to the interest of the company.

c. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of examination of books and record by us, In respect of loans and advances in the nature of loans granted by the company, the schedule of principal has been stipulated and repayments are regular.

d. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of examination of books and record by us, there is no amount overdue of loans and advances in the nature of loans granted by the company.

e. No loans or advances in the nature of loans granted by the company that have fallen due during the year, have been renewed or extended or fresh loans granted to settle the overdue of existing loans given to the same parties.

- IV) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of records of the Company, the Company has not provided any guarantee or security, not made any investments or given any loans as specified under Sections 185 and 186 of the Act, therefore reporting under clause (IV) is not applicable.
- V) The company has not accepted any deposits or amounts which are deemed to be deposits from the public, therefore reporting under clause (V) is not applicable.
- VI) In my opinion and according to the information and explanations given to me the Central Government has not prescribed maintenance of cost records under sub-section (1) of section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- VII) In respect of statutory dues:
- (a) According to the information & explanation given to us, the company was generally regular in depositing dues in respect of Profession Tax, Income Tax (including TDS), GST and other statutory dues with the appropriate authority during the year.
- (b) According to records examined by us and the information and explanation given to us, there are no undisputed amounts due in respect of Profession Tax, Income tax (including TDS), GST and other statutory dues at the end of the year, except as mentioned below:

Sn	Nature of Dues	Amount	Assessment Year	Relevant Authority
1	Accrued Interest	Rs. 21,27,350/-	2019-20	CPC
2	Income Tax (Accrued Interest)	Rs. 58,69,392/-	2019-20	CIT (A)

- VIII) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of records of the Company, there were no transactions relating to previously unrecorded income that were surrendered or disclosed as income in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961.
- IX) In respect of loans:
- (a) Based on our audit procedures and on the basis of information and explanations given to us, the company has not defaulted in the repayment of loans or other borrowings or in payment of interest thereon to any bank, financial institution and Debentures holders during the year.
- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not been declared a wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or government authority.
- (c) In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, the term loans have been applied, on an overall basis for the purposes for which they were obtained.

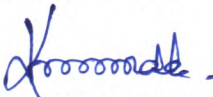
- (d) On an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, the Company, prima facie, during the year did not use any funds raised on short term basis for long term purposes.
- (e) According to the information and explanations given to us and on an overall examination of standalone financial statements of the Company, we report that the Company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures. Accordingly, clause 3(IX)(e) of the order is not applicable.
- (f) According to the information and explanations given to us and procedures performed by us, we report that the Company has not raised loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries as defined under the Companies Act, 2013. Accordingly, clause 3(IX)(f) of the Order is not applicable.
- X) The company has not raised money by the way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments), nor has the company made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares therefore reporting under clause (X) of the said order is not applicable.
- XI) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us, no report under sub-section (12) of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 has been filed by the auditors in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under Rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government.
- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, there were no whistle blower complaints received by the Company during the year and up to the date of this report.
- XII) According to the information and explanations given to us, the company is not a Nidhi Company, therefore reporting under Clause 3(XII) of the said order is not applicable.
- XIII) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company complies with Section 177 and 188 of the Companies Act, where applicable, for all transactions with the related parties and the details of related party transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements etc. as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- XIV) (a). Based on information and explanations provided to us and our audit procedures, in our opinion, the Company has an internal audit system commensurate with the size and nature of its business.
- (b). We have considered the internal audit reports for the year under audit, issued to the company and till date, in determining the nature, timing and extent of our audit procedure.
- XV) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the company has not entered into any non-cash transaction with directors or persons connected with such directors and hence provisions of section 192 of Companies Act, 2013.
- XVI) According to the information and explanations given to us, company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934, therefore reporting under clause (XVI)(a), (b), (c) and (d) of the Order is not applicable.



- XVII) The company has not incurred any cash losses in the current financial year and in the immediately preceding financial year.
- XVIII) There has been no resignation of statutory auditor of the Company during the period.
- XIX) On the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements and our knowledge of the Board of Directors and Management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report indicating that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date.
- XX) The Company has fully spent the required amount towards Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) and there are no unspent CSR amount for the year requiring a transfer to a Fund specified in Schedule VII to the Companies Act or special account in compliance with the provision of Sub-section (6) of Section 135 of the said Act. Accordingly, reporting under clause (XX) of the Order is not applicable for the year.

UDIN: 24101919BKGTLU9113

For V J SHAH & CO
Chartered Accountants
FRN: 109823W



KIRTI M MALDE
(PARTNER)
Membership No.101919



Place: Mumbai
Date: 05.09.2024

SHANKESH JEWELLERS PRIVATE LIMITED**Annexure “B” Auditors’ Report****Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 (“the Act”).****Opinion**

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of Shankesh Jewellers Private Limited (“the Company”) as of March 31, 2024 in conjunction with our audit of the standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2024, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

Management’s Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company’s management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company’s policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditors’ Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company’s internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the “Guidance Note”) and the Standards on Auditing deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Act to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of internal financial controls and both issued by the ICAI. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor’s judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.



We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that

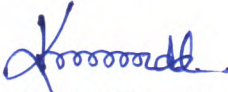
- a) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company;
- b) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and
- c) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

UDIN: 24101919BKGTLU9113

For V J SHAH & CO
Chartered Accountants
FRN: 109823W



KIRTI M MALDE
(PARTNER)
Membership No.101919



Place: Mumbai
Date: 05.09.2024

Shankesh Jewellers Pvt Ltd
CIN: U36910MH2005PTC154679
Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2024

(Rs in lakhs)

Particulars	Note	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
I. EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
(1) Shareholders' funds			
(a) Share Capital	3	279.12	279.12
(b) Reserves and Surplus	4	5,808.35	4,509.54
Total		6,087.47	4,788.66
(2) Current liabilities			
(a) Short-term Borrowings	5	10,857.71	9,839.69
(b) Trade Payables	6		
- Due to Micro and Small Enterprises		-	439.06
- Due to Others		8.64	1,728.42
(c) Other Current Liabilities	7	648.99	650.41
(d) Short-term Provisions	8	4.46	-
Total		11,519.80	12,657.58
Total Equity and Liabilities		17,607.27	17,446.24
II. ASSETS			
(1) Non-current assets			
(a) Property, Plant and Equipment and Intangible Assets			
(i) Property, Plant and Equipment	9	115.83	39.88
(ii) Intangible Assets	9	0.02	0.02
(b) Deferred Tax Assets (net)	10	14.40	14.50
(c) Other Non-current Assets	11	40.01	100.01
Total		170.26	154.41
(2) Current assets			
(a) Inventories	12	13,142.61	12,583.66
(b) Trade Receivables	13	4,022.51	4,395.78
(c) Cash and cash equivalents	14	17.44	20.21
(d) Short-term Loans and Advances	15	6.30	5.20
(e) Other Current Assets	16	248.15	286.98
Total		17,437.01	17,291.83
Total Assets		17,607.27	17,446.24

See accompanying notes to the financial statements

As per our report of even date

For V J Shah & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No. 109823W

Kirti M Malde

Partner

Membership No. 101919

Place: Mumbai

Date: 5 September 2024

For and on behalf of the Board of

Shankesh Jewellers Pvt Ltd

Manoj K Jain

Director

2789459

Mahavir K Jain

Director

8474030



Shankesh Jewellers Pvt Ltd

CIN: U36910MH2005PTC154679

Statement of Profit and loss for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Rs in lakhs)

Particulars	Note	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Revenue from Operations	17	1,06,178.30	90,919.31
Other Income	18	10.04	0.98
Total Income		1,06,188.34	90,920.29
Expenses			
Cost of Material Consumed	19	85,090.35	75,324.42
Purchases of Stock in Trade	20	14,192.62	13,945.47
Change in Inventories of work in progress and finished goods	21	-558.95	-4,510.57
Employee Benefit Expenses	22	1,444.90	991.09
Finance Costs	23	1,052.08	836.28
Depreciation and Amortization Expenses	24	37.73	19.95
Other Expenses	25	3,182.53	2,881.83
Total expenses		1,04,441.26	89,488.47
Profit/(Loss) before Exceptional and Extraordinary Item and Tax		1,747.08	1,431.82
Exceptional Item		-	-
Profit/(Loss) before Extraordinary Item and Tax		1,747.08	1,431.82
Extraordinary Item		-	-
Profit/(Loss) before Tax		1,747.08	1,431.82
Tax Expenses	26		
- Current Tax		448.00	366.90
- Deferred Tax		0.09	-0.41
- Excess/Short Provision Written back/off		0.18	0.17
Profit/(Loss) after Tax		1,298.81	1,065.16
Earnings Per Share (Face Value per Share Rs.10 each)			
-Basic (In Rs)	27	46.53	38.16
-Diluted (In Rs)	27	46.53	38.16

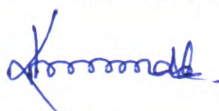
See accompanying notes to the financial statements

As per our report of even date

For V J Shah & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No. 109823W

**Kirti M Malde**

Partner

Membership No. 101919

**For and on behalf of the Board of****Shankesh Jewellers Pvt Ltd****Manoj K Jain**

Director

2789459

Mahavir K Jain

Director

8474030

Place: Mumbai

Date: 5 September 2024



SHANKESH JEWELLERS PVT LTD
CIN: U36910MH2005PTC154679
CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2024

PARTICULARS		As at 31.03.2024		As at 31.03.2023	
		₹	₹	₹	₹
I)	CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
	Net profit after Tax		1,298.81		1,065.16
	Add: Provision for Tax				
	Current Tax	448.00		366.90	
	Short/(Excess) Provision for Tax	0.18		0.17	
	Deferred Tax	0.09	448.27	-0.41	366.66
	Net profit before Tax		1,747.08		1,431.82
	Adjustment for Non-Cash and Non-operating Items				
	Add: Depreciation	37.73		19.95	
	Interest Expense	275.13	312.86	286.55	306.50
	Less: Interest Income	0.96		0.73	
	Gain on Sale of Fixed Asset	9.09			
			10.04		0.73
	Operating profits before working capital changes		2,049.90		1,737.59
	Changes in Working Capital				
	Add: Decrease in Current Assets & Increase in Current Liabilities				
	Other Current Liabilities			279.77	
	Other Current Assets	38.84			
	Trade Receivables	373.27		71.55	
	Trade Payables	-		1,665.51	
	Short Term Borrowings	1,018.02	1,430.13	1,566.78	3,583.62
	Less: Increase in Current Assets & Decrease in Current Liabilities				
	Other Current Assets			120.58	
	Other Current Liabilities	1.42			
	Trade Payables	2,158.84		-	
	Short Term Loans and Advances	1.10		5.20	
	Trade Receivables			-	
	Inventory	558.95	2,720.31	4,510.57	4,636.35
	Cash generated from operations		759.71		684.86
	Less: Tax Expense		443.71		381.41
	NET CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		315.99		303.46
II)	CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
	Add:				
	Deposits advanced received back	60.00		-	
	Sale of Asset	12.00		-	
	Interest Income	0.96	72.96	0.73	0.73
	Less:				
	Investment in Fixed Deposit	0.46		0.34	
	Deposits advanced	-		-	
	Addition to Fixed Assets	116.59	117.05	3.59	3.93
	NET CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		-44.09		-3.21
III)	CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
	Less: Repayment of Car Loan	-		15.74	
	Interest Expense	275.13	-275.13	286.55	-302.29
	NET CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		-275.13		-302.29
IV)	NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH		-3.23		-2.04
	Add: Cash & Cash Equivalent at the beginning of the year				
	Cash on Hand	6.13		8.17	
	Bank Balance			-	
	Term Deposits		6.13	-	8.17
	Less: Cash & Cash Equivalent at the end of the year				
	Cash on Hand	2.91		6.13	
	Bank Balance			-	
	Term Deposits		2.91	-	6.13

FOR V. J. SHAH & CO.
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS
FRN : 109823W



KIRTI M MALDE
(PARTNER)
Membership No. 101919

PLACE : MUMBAI
DATE : 05.09.2024



FOR SHANKESH JEWELLERS PVT LTD

MANOJ K JAIN
(DIRECTOR)
DIN: 02789459

MAHAVIR K JAIN
(DIRECTOR)
DIN : 8474030



Shankesh Jewellers Pvt Ltd

Notes forming part of the Financial Statements

1 COMPANY INFORMATION

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

a Basis of Preparation

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Generally Accepted Accounting Principles in India ('Indian GAAP') to comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013, as applicable. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention on accrual basis, except for certain financial instruments which are measured at fair value.

b Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, Plant and Equipment are stated at cost, less accumulated depreciation / amortisation. Costs include all expenses incurred to bring the asset to its present location and condition.

c Depreciation and amortization

Type of Assets	Period
Buildings	30 Years
Plant and Equipment	15 Years
Furniture and Fixtures	10 Years
Vehicles	8 Years
Office equipment	5 Years
Computers	4 Years

d Impairment of assets

At each balance sheet date, the management reviews the carrying amounts of its assets included in each cash generating unit to determine whether there is any indication that those assets were impaired. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of impairment. Recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's net selling price and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows expected from the continuing use of the asset and from its disposal are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects the current market assessments of time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. Reversal of impairment loss is recognised as income in the statement of profit and loss.

e Investment

Long-term investments and current maturities of long-term investments are stated at cost, less provision for other than temporary diminution in value. Current investments, except for current maturities of long-term investments, comprising investments in mutual funds, government securities and bonds are stated at the lower of cost and fair value.

f Inventories

Raw materials are carried at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on a weighted average basis. Purchased goods-in-transit are carried at cost. Work-in-progress is carried at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Stores and spare parts are carried at lower of cost and net realisable value. Finished goods produced or purchased by the Company are carried at lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost includes direct material and labour cost and a proportion of manufacturing overheads.

g Cash and cash equivalents

The Company considers all highly liquid financial instruments, which are readily convertible into known amount of cash that are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value and having original maturities of three months or less from the date of purchase, to be cash equivalents.

h Revenue recognition

Revenue from the sale of equipment are recognised upon delivery, which is when title passes to the customer. Revenue is reported net of discounts.

Dividend is recorded when the right to receive payment is established. Interest income is recognised on time proportion basis taking into account the amount outstanding and the rate applicable.



i Employee Benefits

Post-employment benefit plans

Contributions to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are recognised as expense when employees have rendered services entitling them to such benefits.

For defined benefit schemes, the cost of providing benefits is determined using the Projected Unit Credit Method, with actuarial valuations being carried out at each balance sheet date. Actuarial gains and losses are recognised in full in the statement of profit and loss for the period in which they occur. Past service cost is recognised immediately to the extent that the benefits are already vested, or amortised on a straight-line basis over the average period until the benefits become vested.

The retirement benefit obligation recognised in the balance sheet represents the present value of the defined benefit obligation as adjusted for unrecognised past service cost, and as reduced by the fair value of scheme assets. Any asset resulting from this calculation is limited to the present value of available refunds and reductions in future contributions to the scheme.

Other employee benefits

The undiscounted amount of short-term employee benefits expected to be paid in exchange for the services rendered by employees is recognised during the period when the employee renders the service. These benefits include compensated absences such as paid annual leave, overseas social security contributions and performance incentives.

Compensated absences which are not expected to occur within twelve months after the end of the period in which the employee renders the related services are recognised as an actuarially determined liability at the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the balance sheet date.

j Foreign currency transactions

Income and expense in foreign currencies are converted at exchange rates prevailing on the date of the transaction. Foreign currency monetary assets and liabilities other than net investments in non-integral foreign operations are translated at the exchange rate prevailing on the balance sheet date and exchange gains and losses are recognised in the statement of profit and loss. Exchange difference arising on a monetary item that, in substance, forms part of an enterprise's net investments in a non-integral foreign operation are accumulated in a foreign currency translation reserve.

k Taxation

Current income tax expense comprises taxes on income from operations in India and in foreign jurisdictions. Income taxpayable in India is determined in accordance with the provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961. Tax expense relating to foreign operations is determined in accordance with tax laws applicable in countries where such operations are domiciled.

Minimum Alternative Tax (MAT) paid in accordance with the tax laws in India, which gives rise to future economic benefits in the form of adjustment of future income tax liability, is considered as an asset if there is convincing evidence that the Company will pay normal income tax after the tax holiday period. Accordingly, MAT is recognised as an asset in the balance sheet when the asset can be measured reliably and it is probable that the future economic benefit associated with it will fructify.

Deferred tax expense or benefit is recognised on timing differences being the difference between taxable income and accounting income that originate in one period and is likely to reverse in one or more subsequent periods. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using the tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Advance taxes and provisions for current income taxes are presented in the balance sheet after off-setting advance tax paid and income tax provision arising in the same tax jurisdiction for relevant tax paying units and where the Company is able to and intends to settle the asset and liability on a net basis.

The Company offsets deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities if it has a legally enforceable right and these relate to taxes on income levied by the same governing taxation laws.

l Provisions, Contingent liabilities and Contingent assets

A provision is recognised when the Company has a present obligation as a result of past event and it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, in respect of which reliable estimate can be made. Provisions (excluding retirement benefits and compensated absences) are not discounted to its present value and are determined based on best estimate required to settle the obligation at the balance sheet date. These are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates. Contingent liabilities are not recognised in the financial statements. A contingent asset is neither recognised nor disclosed in the financial statements.

As per our report of even date

For V J Shah & Co.
Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No. 109823W

Kirti M
Partner
Membership No. 101919

For and on behalf of the Board of
Shankesh Jewellers Pvt Ltd



Manoj K Jain
Director
2789459

Mahavir K Jain
Director
8474030

Place: Mumbai
Date: 5 September 2024



Shankesh Jewellers Pvt Ltd

Notes forming part of the Financial Statements

3 Share Capital

(Rs in lakhs)

Particulars	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Authorised Share Capital		
Equity Shares, of Rs. 10 each, 10000000 (Previous Year -3300000) Equity Shares	1,000.00	330.00
Issued, Subscribed and Fully Paid up Share Capital		
Equity Shares, of Rs. 10 each, 2791200 (Previous Year -2791200) Equity Shares paid up	279.12	279.12
Total	279.12	279.12

(i) Reconciliation of number of shares

Particulars	31 March 2024		31 March 2023	
	No. of shares	(Rs in lakhs)	No. of shares	(Rs in lakhs)
Opening Balance	27,91,200	27.91	27,91,200	27.91
Issued during the year	-	-	-	-
Deletion	-	-	-	-
Closing balance	27,91,200	27.91	27,91,200	27.91

(ii) Rights, preferences and restrictions attached to shares

1. The Company has one class of equity shares. Each shareholder is eligible for one vote per share held.
2. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting, except in case of interim dividend.
3. In the event of liquidation, the equity shareholders are eligible to receive the remaining assets of the Company after distribution of all preferential amounts, in proportion to their shareholding.

(iii) Details of Shares held by shareholders holding more than 5% of the aggregate shares in the company

Equity Shares	31 March 2024		31 March 2023	
Name of Shareholder	No. of shares	In %	No. of shares	In %
Jugraj K Jain			2,12,200	7.60%
Kantilal K Jain	6,92,000	24.79%	6,92,000	24.79%
Manoj K Jain	7,47,000	26.76%	7,47,000	26.76%
Mahavir K Jain	6,39,200	22.90%	3,24,000	11.61%
Sunita M Jain	1,86,000	6.66%	1,86,000	6.66%
Swimmi M Jain	1,86,000	6.66%	1,86,000	6.66%



(iv) Shares held by Promoters at the end of the year 31 March 2024

Name of Promoter	Class of Shares	No. of Shares	% of total shares	% Change during the year
Mahavir K Jain	Equity	6,39,200	22.90%	97.28%
Manoj K Jain	Equity	7,47,000	26.76%	0.00%
Jugraj K Jain	Equity	-	0.00%	-100.00%
Kantilal K Jain HUF	Equity	92,000	3.30%	0.00%
Kantilal K Jain	Equity	6,92,000	24.79%	0.00%
Mahavir K Jain HUF	Equity	11,000	0.39%	0.00%
Mangala Jugraj Jain	Equity	1,08,000	3.87%	0.00%
Manoj K Jain HUF	Equity	11,000	0.39%	0.00%
Sunita M Jain	Equity	1,86,000	6.66%	0.00%
Sushila K Jain	Equity	1,08,000	3.87%	0.00%
Swimmi M Jain	Equity	1,86,000	6.66%	0.00%
Kejal Jain	Equity	11,000	0.39%	100.00%
Jugraj K Jain HUF	Equity	-	0.00%	-100.00%
Sankesh J Jain HUF	Equity	-	0.00%	-100.00%
Sankesh J Jain	Equity	-	0.00%	-100.00%

Shares held by Promoters at the end of the year 31 March 2023

Name of Promoter	Class of Shares	No. of Shares	% of total shares	% Change during the year
Mahavir K Jain	Equity	3,24,000	11.61%	0.00%
Manoj K Jain	Equity	7,47,000	26.76%	0.00%
Jugraj K Jain HUF	Equity	92,000	3.30%	0.00%
Jugraj K Jain	Equity	2,12,200	7.60%	0.00%
Kantilal K Jain HUF	Equity	92,000	3.30%	0.00%
Kantilal K Jain	Equity	6,92,000	24.79%	0.00%
Mahavir K Jain HUF	Equity	11,000	0.39%	0.00%
Mangala Jugraj Jain	Equity	1,08,000	3.87%	0.00%
Manoj K Jain HUF	Equity	11,000	0.39%	0.00%
Sankesh J Jain HUF	Equity	11,000	0.39%	0.00%
Sankesh J Jain	Equity	11,000	0.39%	0.00%
Sunita M Jain	Equity	1,86,000	6.66%	0.00%
Sushila K Jain	Equity	1,08,000	3.87%	0.00%
Swimmi M Jain	Equity	1,86,000	6.66%	0.00%

4 Reserves and Surplus

(Rs in lakhs)

Particulars	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Securities Premium		
Opening Balance	645.18	645.18
Closing Balance	645.18	645.18
Statement of Profit and loss		
Balance at the beginning of the year	3,864.36	2,799.20
Add: Profit/(loss) during the year	1,298.81	1,065.16
Balance at the end of the year	5,163.17	3,864.36
Total	5,808.35	4,509.54



5 Short term borrowings

(Rs in lakhs)

Particulars	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Secured Loans repayable on demand from banks		
-Bank CC	1,788.22	8,293.95
-Demand Loans	7,600.00	-
Unsecured Loans repayable on demand from other parties		
-Unsecured Loans from Shareholders	36.48	90.43
Unsecured Loans and advances from related parties		
-Unsecured Loans from Directors & Relatives of Directors	1,433.01	1,455.31
Total	10,857.71	9,839.69

Secured Loan includes cash credit which is secured against hypothecation of all existing and future receivables/current assets/movable assets/movable fixed assets.

Mortgage of office premises of the company and residential premises of Directors.

Personal Guarantee's of Director's and Director's Relatives.

6 Trade payables

(Rs in lakhs)

Particulars	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Due to Micro and Small Enterprises		
-Creditors for Expenses	-	2.02
-Creditors for Goods	-	437.04
Due to others		
-Creditors for Expenses	8.64	25.84
-Creditors for Goods	-	1,702.58
Total	8.64	2,167.48

6.1 Trade Payable ageing schedule as at 31 March 2024

(Rs in lakhs)

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment				Total
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
MSME					-
Others	-	0.50			0.50
Disputed dues- MSME					-
Disputed dues- Others	-	-	-	-	-
Sub total					0.50
MSME - Undue					-
Others - Undue					8.14
Total					8.64

6.2 Trade Payable ageing schedule as at 31 March 2023

(Rs in lakhs)

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment				Total
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
MSME	439.02	0.04	-	-	439.06
Others	1,728.16	0.26	-	-	1,728.42
Disputed dues- MSME					-
Disputed dues- Others					-
Sub total					2,167.48
MSME - Undue					
Others - Undue					
Total					2,167.48



7 Other current liabilities

(Rs in lakhs)

Particulars	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Other payables		
-Advances from Customers	128.70	300.69
-Other Expenses Payable	46.61	18.13
-Statutory Dues Payable	473.68	331.59
Total	648.99	650.41

8 Short term provisions

(Rs in lakhs)

Particulars	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Provision for income tax	4.46	-
Total	4.46	-



Shankesh Jewellers Pvt Ltd

Notes forming part of the Financial Statements

Property, Plant and Equipment

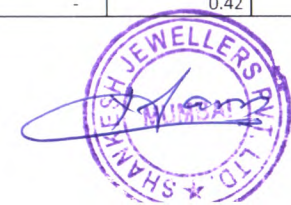
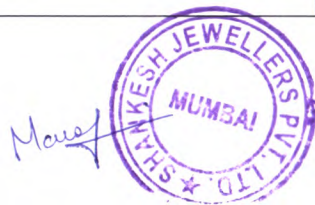
(Rs in lakhs)

Name of Assets	Gross Block				Depreciation and Amortization				Net Block
	As on 01-Apr-23	Addition	Deduction	As on 31-Mar-24	As on 01-Apr-23	for the year	Deduction	As on 31-Mar-24	As on 31-Mar-24
(i) Property, Plant and Equipment									
Furniture and Fixtures	5.09	0.61	-	5.70	4.83	0.16	-	4.98	0.72
Vehicles	167.89	114.91	36.34	246.46	136.72	33.91	33.42	137.21	109.25
Office equipment	35.10	1.08	-	36.18	27.67	3.23	-	30.90	5.28
Computers	9.72	-	-	9.72	8.70	0.43	-	9.13	0.59
Total	217.80	116.59	36.34	298.06	177.92	37.73	33.42	182.23	115.83

(ii) Intangible Assets									
Computer software	0.44	-	-	0.44	0.42	-	-	0.42	0.02
Total	0.44	-	-	0.44	0.42	-	-	0.42	0.02

Name of Assets	Gross Block				Depreciation and Amortization				Net Block
	As on 01-Apr-22	Addition	Deduction	As on 31-Mar-23	As on 01-Apr-22	for the year	Deduction	As on 31-Mar-23	As on 31-Mar-23
(i) Property, Plant and Equipment									
Furniture and Fixtures	5.09	-	-	5.09	4.81	0.02	-	4.83	0.26
Vehicles	167.89	-	-	167.89	122.56	14.16	-	136.72	31.17
Office equipment	32.08	3.03	-	35.10	23.01	4.66	-	27.67	7.43
Computers	9.15	0.57	-	9.72	7.59	1.11	-	8.70	1.02
Total	214.21	3.59	-	217.80	157.98	19.94	-	177.92	39.88

(ii) Intangible Assets									
Computer software	0.44	-	-	0.44	0.41	0.01	-	0.42	0.02
Total	0.44	-	-	0.44	0.41	0.01	-	0.42	0.02



Shankesh Jewellers Pvt Ltd

Notes forming part of the Financial Statements

10 Deferred tax assets net

(Rs in lakhs)

Particulars	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Deferred Tax Asset	14.40	14.50
Total	14.40	14.50

11 Other non current assets

(Rs in lakhs)

Particulars	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Security Deposits		
-Income Tax Deposit (AY 2019-20)	0.01	0.01
-Other Deposits	-	60.00
-Rent Deposits	40.00	40.00
Total	40.01	100.01

12 Inventories

(Rs in lakhs)

Particulars	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Finished goods	13,142.61	12,583.66
Total	13,142.61	12,583.66

Valued at cost or NRV whichever is lower.

13 Trade receivables

(Rs in lakhs)

Particulars	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Unsecured considered good		
-Debtors for Goods	3,993.82	4,367.68
-Debtors for Labour	28.69	28.10
Total	4,022.51	4,395.78

13.1 Trade Receivables ageing schedule as at 31 March 2024

(Rs in lakhs)

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					Total
	Less than 6 months	6 months- 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
Undisputed Trade receivables-considered good	2,868.38	1,154.13			-	4,022.51
Undisputed Trade Receivables-considered doubtful	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed Trade Receivables considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed Trade Receivables considered doubtful	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sub total						4,022.51
Undue - considered good						
Total						4,022.51

13.2 Trade Receivables ageing schedule as at 31 March 2023

(Rs in lakhs)

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					Total
	Less than 6 months	6 months- 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
Undisputed Trade receivables-considered good	4,249.89	141.08	4.80			4,395.78
Undisputed Trade Receivables-considered doubtful						-
Disputed Trade Receivables considered good						-
Disputed Trade Receivables considered doubtful						-
Sub total						4,395.78
Undue - considered good						
Total						4,395.78



14 Cash and cash equivalents

(Rs in lakhs)

Particulars	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Cash on hand	2.91	6.14
Cash and cash equivalents - total	2.91	6.14
Other Bank Balances		
Deposits with original maturity for more than 3 months but less than 12 months	14.53	14.07
Total	17.44	20.21

15 Short term loans and advances

(Rs in lakhs)

Particulars	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Others		
-Staff loans & advances	6.30	5.20
Total	6.30	5.20

16 Other current assets

(Rs in lakhs)

Particulars	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Advance Tax (Net of Provision)	-	0.55
Advance to Suppliers	34.08	30.69
GST Refund Receivable under LUT	8.65	8.65
Interest receivable on Fixed Deposit	0.30	0.18
IT Refund Receivable	26.38	26.00
Net GST Input Tax Credit Receivable	149.71	184.59
Prepaid Expenses	29.03	36.32
Total	248.15	286.98

17 Revenue from operations

(Rs in lakhs)

Particulars	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Sale of products		
-Local Sales	1,05,266.68	90,080.57
Sale of services		
-Jobwork Income	911.62	838.74
Total	1,06,178.30	90,919.31

18 Other Income

(Rs in lakhs)

Particulars	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Interest Income		
-Interest Income on Fixed Deposit	0.96	0.73
-Interest on IT Refund	-	0.25
Others		
-Gain on Sale of Fixed Assets	9.08	-
Total	10.04	0.98

19 Cost of Material Consumed

(Rs in lakhs)

Particulars	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Raw Material Consumed		
Opening stock	-	-
Purchases	85,090.35	75,324.42
Less: Closing stock	-	-
Total	85,090.35	75,324.42
Total	85,090.35	75,324.42

20 Purchases of stock in trade

(Rs in lakhs)

Particulars	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Purchase of Gold Ornaments	14,192.62	13,945.47
Total	14,192.62	13,945.47

21 Change in Inventories of work in progress and finished goods

(Rs in lakhs)

Particulars	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Opening Inventories		
Finished Goods	12,583.66	8,073.09
Less: Closing Inventories		
Finished Goods	13,142.61	12,583.66
Total	-558.95	-4,510.57



22 Employee benefit expenses

(Rs in lakhs)

Particulars	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Salaries and wages		
-Directors' Remuneration and ex-gratia	1,255.60	846.00
-Salaries Wages and Bonus	187.24	145.09
Staff welfare expenses		
-Other expenses	2.06	-
Total	1,444.90	991.09

23 Finance costs

(Rs in lakhs)

Particulars	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Interest expense		
-Interest on Bank Facilities	730.28	509.63
-Interest on Car Loan	-	0.62
-Interest on Income tax	7.25	5.09
-Interest on Unsecured Loan	275.13	280.84
Other borrowing costs		
-Bank Charges & processing fees	39.42	40.10
Total	1,052.08	836.28

24 Depreciation and amortization expenses

(Rs in lakhs)

Particulars	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Depreciation and amortization expenses	37.73	19.95
Total	37.73	19.95

25 Other expenses

(Rs in lakhs)

Particulars	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Other Business Administrative Expenses		
-Auditors' Remuneration	2.75	2.50
-Courier Charges	25.35	25.71
-CSR Expenses	24.72	20.00
-Electricity Expenses	2.61	2.21
-Exhibition Expenses	89.31	57.21
-Insurance	17.66	13.68
-Labour Charges	2,916.25	2,642.51
-Office Rent	54.00	43.41
-Other expenses	7.42	9.75
-Professional fees	9.98	16.18
-Rates and Taxes	1.30	15.53
-Repairs & Maintenance	5.87	9.71
-Travelling Expenses	25.31	23.43
Total	3,182.53	2,881.83

26 Tax Expenses

(Rs in lakhs)

Particulars	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Current Tax		
-Current Tax	448.00	366.90
Deferred Tax		
-Deferred Tax	0.09	-0.41
Excess/Short Provision Written back/off		
-Excess/Short Provision Written back/off	0.18	0.17
Total	448.27	366.66



Shankesh Jewellers Pvt Ltd

Notes forming part of the Financial Statements

27 Earning per share

Particulars	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Profit attributable to equity shareholders (Rs in lakhs)	1,298.81	1,065.16
Weighted average number of Equity Shares	27,91,200	27,91,200
Earnings per share basic (Rs)	46.53	38.16
Earnings per share diluted (Rs)	46.53	38.16
Face value per equity share (Rs)	10	10

28 Auditors' Remuneration

(Rs in lakhs)

Particulars	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Payments to auditor as		
- Auditor	2.75	2.50
- for taxation matters	2.86	3.79
Total	5.61	6.29

29 Contingent Liabilities and Commitments

(Rs in lakhs)

Particulars	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
- Income tax demands	79.97	72.08
Total	79.97	72.08

30 Micro and Small Enterprise

31 Related Party Disclosure

(i) List of Related Parties

Relationship

Kantilal Jain	Father of Director
Mahavir Jain	Director
Manoj Jain	Director
Sunita Jain	Wife of Director
Sushila K Jain	Mother of Director
Swimmi Jain	Wife of Director
Mahavir Jain HUF	HUF of Director
Manoj Jain HUF	HUF of Director
Mangala Jain	Mother of Director

(ii) Related Party Transactions

(Rs in lakhs)

Particulars	Relationship	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Director's Remuneration & ex-gratia			
- Manoj Jain	Director	452.80	298.00
- Mahavir Jain	Director	452.80	298.00
Salary & ex-gratia			
- Kantilal Jain	Father of Director	383.00	280.00
Salary			
- Sunita Jain	Wife of Director	26.40	24.00
Continued to next page			



Related Party Transactions

(Rs in lakhs)

Particulars	Relationship	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Continued from previous page			
- Swimmi Jain	Wife of Director	19.80	18.00
Rent			
- Sushila K Jain	Mother of Director	15.00	12.00
Interest on Loan			
- Manoj Jain	Director	110.17	95.22
- Mahavir Jain	Director	44.53	38.00
- Kantilal Jain	Father of Director	22.73	18.18
- Sunita Jain	Wife of Director	29.78	45.50
- Swimmi Jain	Wife of Director	26.10	27.32
- Sushila K Jain	Mother of Director	21.42	17.30
Loan Acceptance			
- Kantilal Jain	Father of Director	323.89	283.20
- Mahavir Jain	Director	561.62	714.70
- Manoj Jain	Director	510.04	562.00
- Sunita Jain	Wife of Director	263.78	727.50
- Sushila K Jain	Mother of Director	581.90	120.80
- Swimmi Jain	Wife of Director	199.12	44.90
Loan Repaid			
- Kantilal Jain	Father of Director	263.80	531.76
- Mahavir Jain	Director	581.27	530.21
- Manoj Jain	Director	413.05	601.02
- Sunita Jain	Wife of Director	450.44	688.15
- Sushila K Jain	Mother of Director	664.04	161.67
- Swimmi Jain	Wife of Director	90.05	225.96

(iii) Related Party Balances

(Rs in lakhs)

Particulars	Relationship	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Unsecured Loan			
- Manoj Jain	Director	740.57	643.58
- Mahavir Jain	Director	350.77	370.43
- Kantilal Jain	Father of Director	121.80	61.71
- Sunita Jain	Wife of Director	63.71	250.37
- Swimmi Jain	Wife of Director	150.15	41.08
- Sushila K Jain	Mother of Director	6.01	88.15
Rent Payable			
- Sushila K Jain	Mother of Director	1.13	-
Salary Payable			
- Kantilal Jain	Father of Director	0.07	3.88
- Sunita Jain	Wife of Director	1.79	-
- Swimmi Jain	Wife of Director	1.41	-
Director's Remuneration			
- Manoj Jain	Director	0.98	4.28
- Mahavir Jain	Director	0.47	4.42
Interest Payable			
- Manoj Jain	Director	12.83	-
- Mahavir Jain	Director	8.64	-
- Kantilal Jain	Father of Director	3.48	-
- Sunita Jain	Wife of Director	1.45	-
- Swimmi Jain	Wife of Director	2.48	-
- Sushila K Jain	Mother of Director	0.81	-
Rent Deposit			
- Sushila K Jain	Mother of Director	20.00	20.00



32 Ratio Analysis

Particulars	Numerator/Denominator	31 March 2024	31 March 2023	Change in %
(a) Current Ratio	$\frac{\text{Current Assets}}{\text{Current Liabilities}}$	1.51	1.37	10.80%
(b) Debt-Equity Ratio	$\frac{\text{Total Debts}}{\text{Shareholder's Equity}}$	1.78	2.05	-13.20%
(c) Debt Service Coverage Ratio	$\frac{\text{Earning available for Debt Service}}{\text{Debt Service}}$	-	-	
(d) Return on Equity Ratio	$\frac{\text{Profit after Tax}}{\text{Average Shareholder's Equity}}$	23.88%	32.02%	-25.40%
(e) Inventory turnover ratio	$\frac{\text{Total Turnover}}{\text{Average Inventories}}$	8.25	13.51	-38.89%
(f) Trade receivables turnover ratio	$\frac{\text{Total Turnover}}{\text{Average Trade Receivable}}$	25.23	21.50	17.30%
(g) Trade payables turnover ratio	$\frac{\text{Total Purchases}}{\text{Average Trade Payable}}$	91.25	286.31	-68.13%
(h) Net capital turnover ratio	$\frac{\text{Total Turnover}}{\text{Closing Working Capital}}$	17.94	19.62	-8.54%
(i) Net profit ratio	$\frac{\text{Net Profit}}{\text{Total Turnover}}$	1.22%	1.17%	4.41%
(j) Return on Capital employed	$\frac{\text{Earning before interest and taxes}}{\text{Capital Employed}}$	16.52%	15.50%	6.54%
(k) Return on investment	$\frac{\text{Return on Investment}}{\text{Total Investment}}$	0.00%	0.00%	

Reasons for Variances

Return of Equity Ratio - Nominal change as compared to previous year.

Inventory Turnover Ratio - Gold Valuation has gone up significantly in recent years resulting in change in ratio.

Trade Payable Turnover Ratio - Almost all creditors are paid of as on 31.03.2024 resulting in significant decrease in ratio.

33 CSR Expenditure

(Rs in lakhs)

Particulars	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Amount required to be spent by the company during the year	23.87	19.71
Amount of expenditure incurred	24.72	20.00

Reason for shortfall

There is no shortfall.

Nature of CSR activities

Relief of poor and distress, educational and medical relief to the needy, animal welfare, preservation and advancement of the cultural heritage and health care



34 Regrouping

Previous year figures have been regrouped to comply with current year groupings.

35 Foot note 3

The Company did not have any material transactions with companies struck off under section 248 of the Companies Act, 2013 or section 560 of the Companies Act, 1956 during the financial year.

36 Foot note 4

No transactions to report against the following disclosure requirements as notified by MCA pursuant to amended schedule III :

- (a) Title deeds of Immovable Property not held in name of the Company.
- (b) Benami Property held under Prohibition of Benami Property Transactions Act, 1988 and rules made thereunder
- (c) Compliance with number of layers of companies & approved scheme of arrangements
- (d) Delay in registration or Satisfaction of Charges with Registrar of Companies
- (e) Relating to Borrowed Funds:
 - (i) Wilful defaulter
 - (ii) Utilisation of Borrowed funds or share premium
 - (iii) Discrepancy in utilisation of borrowings
- (f) Crypto Currency or Virtual Currency
- (g) The Company has not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries)
with the understanding that the Intermediary shall:
 - (i) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
 - (ii) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- (h) The Company have not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the
understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Group shall:
 - (i) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
 - (ii) provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- (i) The Company does not have any such transaction which is not recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961
- (j) Undisclosed Income
- (k) Contingent Liability
- (l) Foreign Currency Transaction and Balances

37 Foot note 5

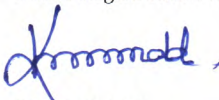
Charge created against the company has been correctly reflected in the Register of Charge on MCA portal.

As per our report of even date

For V J Shah & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No. 109823W



Kirti M Malde

Partner

Membership No. 101919



For and on behalf of the Board of

Shankesh Jewellers Pvt Ltd

Manoj K Jain

Director

2789459

Mahavir K Jain

Director

8474030

Place: Mumbai

Date: 5 September 2024



Shankesh Jewellers Pvt Ltd

Note on Stock and Book debts statement submitted to bank

During the year the company has been sanctioned working capital(WC) limits in excess of Rs.5 crores, in agreegate from banks on the basis of security of current assets(CA).
The Company has filed quarterly returns or statements ('the statements') with such banks, which are in agreement with the books of accounts other than those as set out below.

(Rs. In lakhs)

Name of the Bank	Nature of CA offered as security	Quarter Ended	Amount disclosed as books	Amount as per statements	Difference	Reason for difference
HDFC Bank Kotak Mahindra Bank	Refer Note below	Jun-23	16,034.98	16,161.20	-126.22	Incorrect amounts reported to Bank due to submission of statements to bank pending closure of books of accounts.
		Sep-23	19,144.68	19,421.78	-277.10	
		Dec-23	16,350.85	16,482.96	-132.11	
		Mar-24	17,165.12	17,184.71	-19.59	

Note on Nature of Current Asset offered as security

Secured Loan includes cash credit which is secured against hypothecation of all existing and future receivables/current assets/movable assets/movable fixed assets.
Mortgage of office premises of the company and residential premises of Directors.
Personal Guarantee's of Director's and Director's Relatives.

